



The Rapid Benefits Indicators (RBI) Approach: A Process for Assessing the Social Benefits of Ecological Restoration

**Marisa Mazzotta, Justin Bousquin, Claudette Ojo, Walter Berry,
Caroline Druschke, Kristen Hychka, Rick McKinney, Dave Martin**

US EPA Office of Research and Development, Atlantic Ecology
Division

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Overall project – Restoration in urban and urbanizing areas



Photo: Rick McKinney

- ❖ 2 areas of research
 - ❖ Assessing benefits of restoration, with focus on freshwater wetlands
 - ❖ Investigating barriers and opportunities for restoration in urbanizing systems
- ❖ Today's focus is on the first – benefits of restoration
- ❖ Barriers and Opportunities work is available on our website

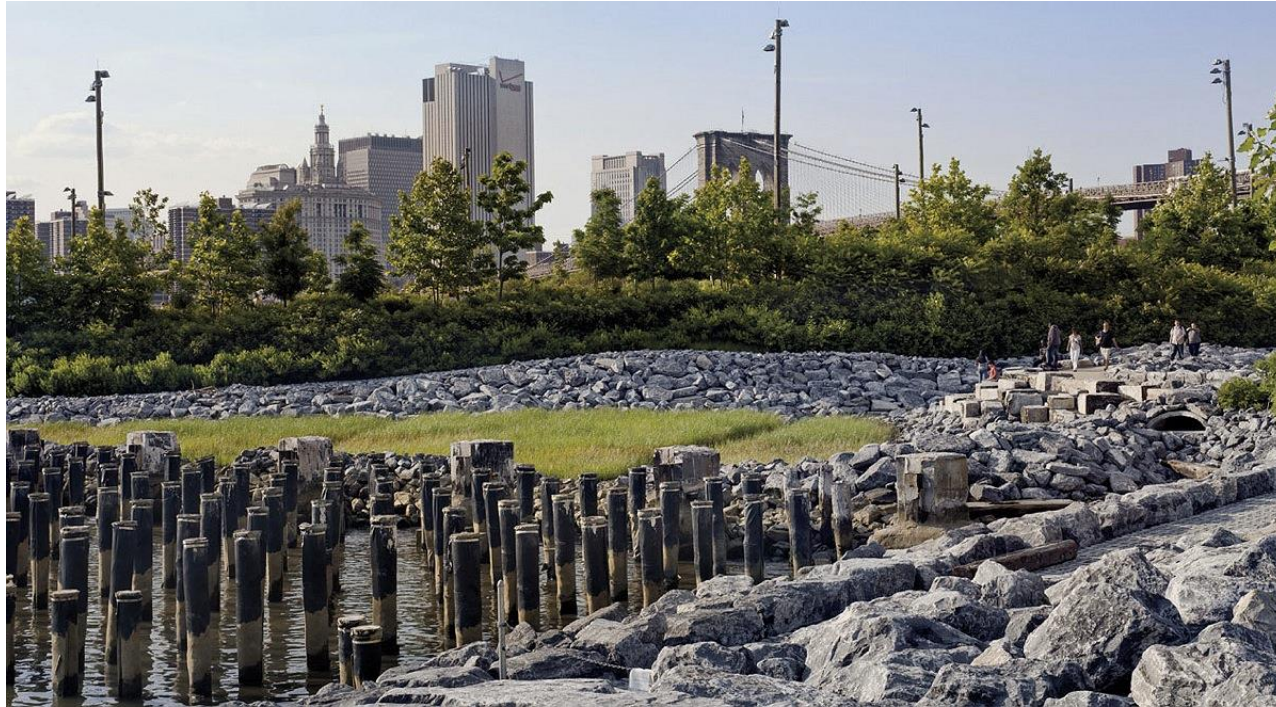
Environmental decisions require tradeoffs



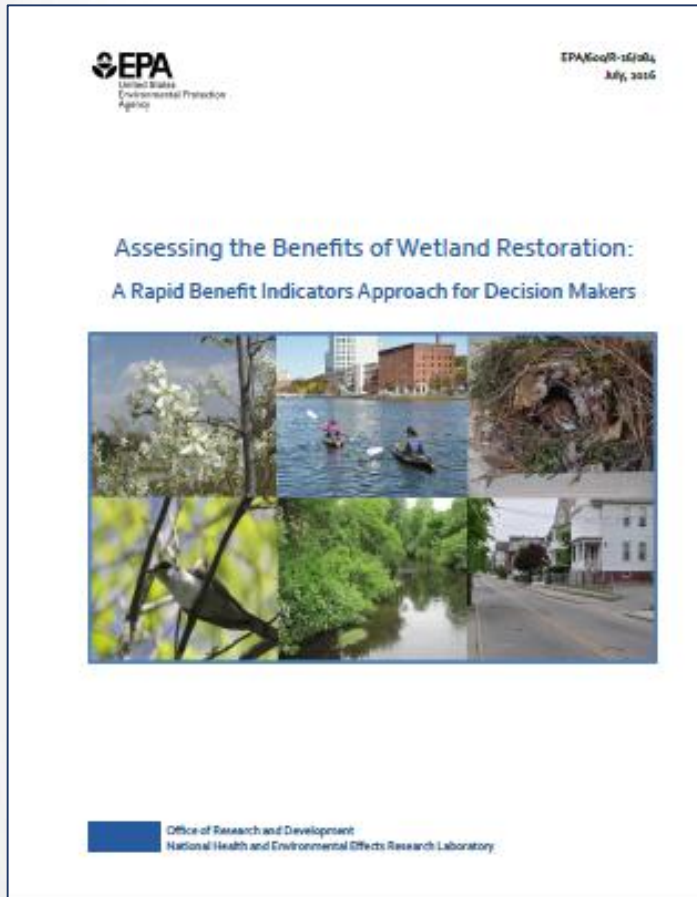
Which of these sites should we spend money on?

Both ecological and social criteria are important.

- Scarce funding for smaller, more urban sites
- Lack of easily-applied methods to include benefits



A rapid assessment approach using benefit indicators



- ❖ A framework for compiling and using benefit indicators
 - ❖ Based on economic principles
- ❖ User-friendly
 - ❖ Can be applied with different levels of detail, depending on context
- ❖ Focus is on benefits to people
- ❖ Designed to be used along with a biophysical/functional assessment
- ❖ Initial application to freshwater wetlands in a watershed ranging from urban to rural
 - ❖ May be applied, with modifications, to other ecosystems

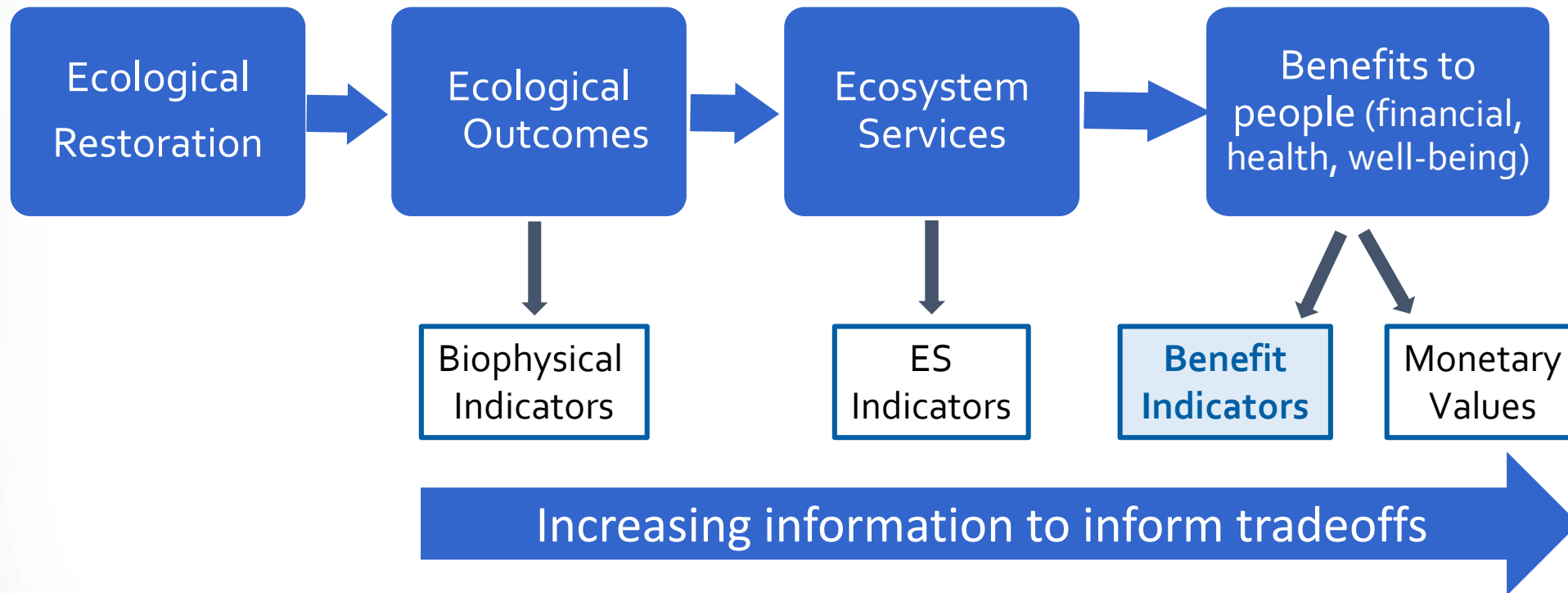


Who can use our guide?

- ✓ Those who conduct or advocate for restoration, including:
 - ✓ Watershed groups
 - ✓ Community groups
 - ✓ Federal, state, or local managers
- ✓ Funders

❖ A few contexts for use:

- ❖ prioritize sites or projects
- ❖ funding decisions
- ❖ inform the public
- ❖ preliminary assessment for a more complex evaluation
- ❖ augment benefit transfer approaches



Slide adapted from Lisa Wainger

What are benefit indicators?

- ❖ Indicators are metrics that simplify complexity to inform decisions and actions
- ❖ Benefit indicators are based on economic models and empirical evidence of factors that affect value, i.e. **scarcity metrics**



Benefit indicators answer these questions:



1. Can people benefit from an ecosystem service?
2. How many people benefit?
3. How much are people likely to benefit?
4. What are the social equity implications?
5. How reliably will services be provided over time?

1. Can people benefit from an ecosystem service?

Yes, if:

1. There is demand



2. There is sufficient quantity and quality of the service

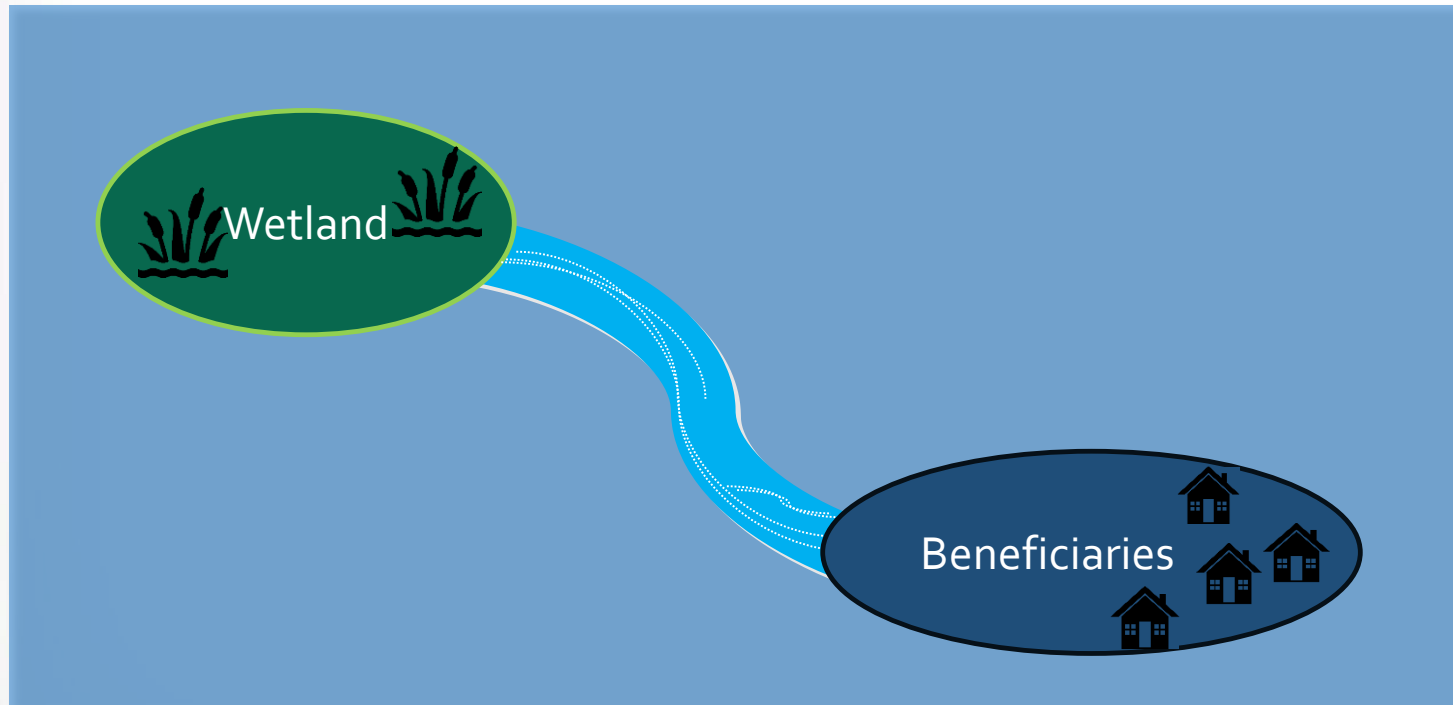


3. If required, complementary inputs (infrastructure or other things that facilitate use) are available



2. How many people benefit?

More people who benefit → Greater value



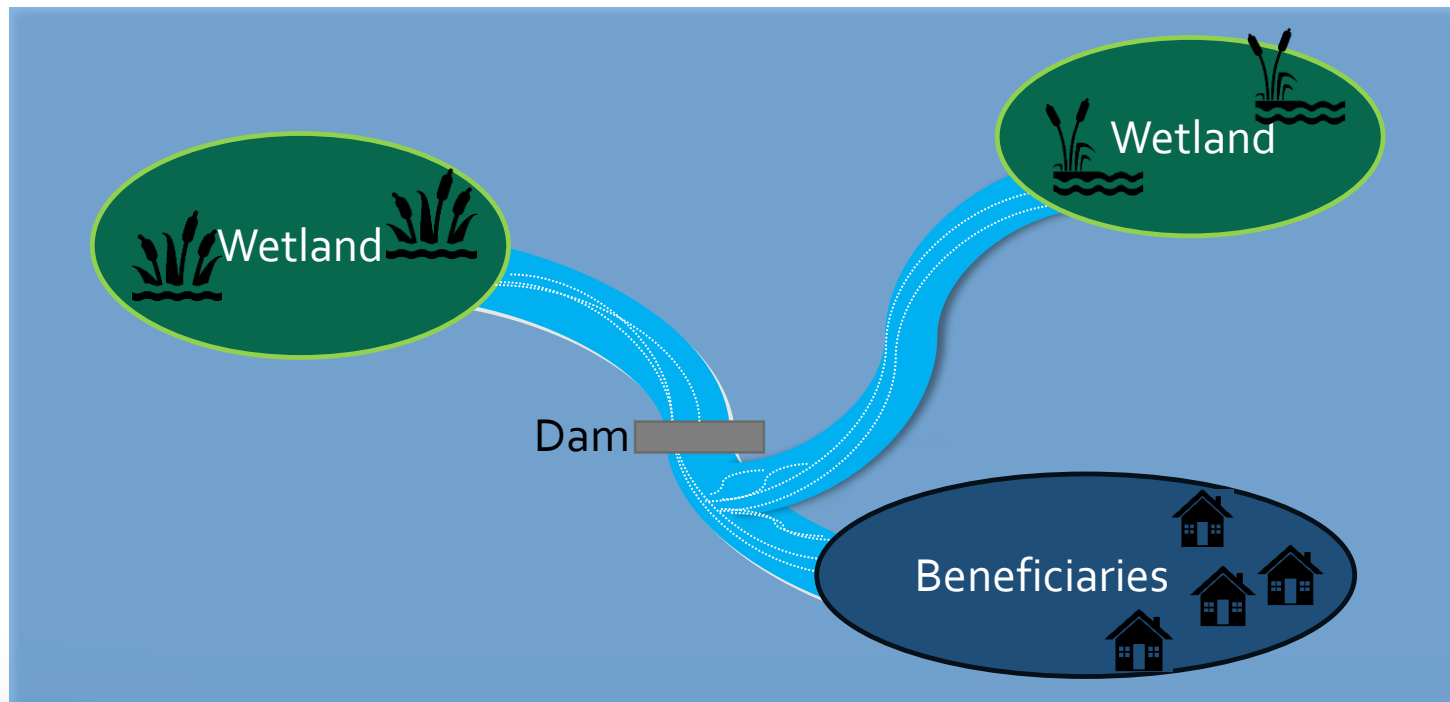
The number of people who benefit is often a stronger determinant of aggregate social value than value per person (Bateman et al., 2008)

3. By how much do people benefit?

3.1 Substitutes:

How many natural and technological substitutes are there?

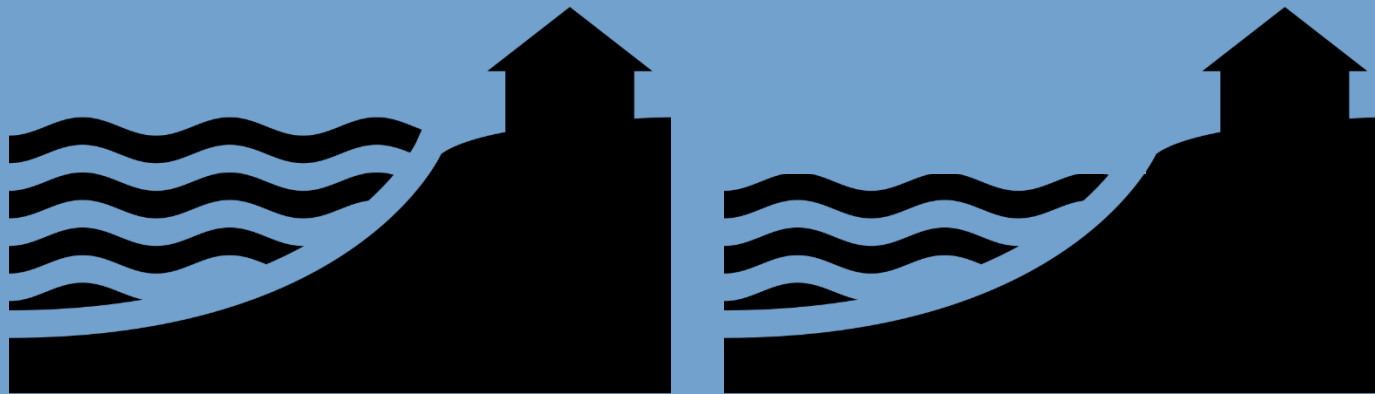
Fewer substitutes or lower quality substitutes → Greater value



3.2 Quality:

Higher quality service → Greater value

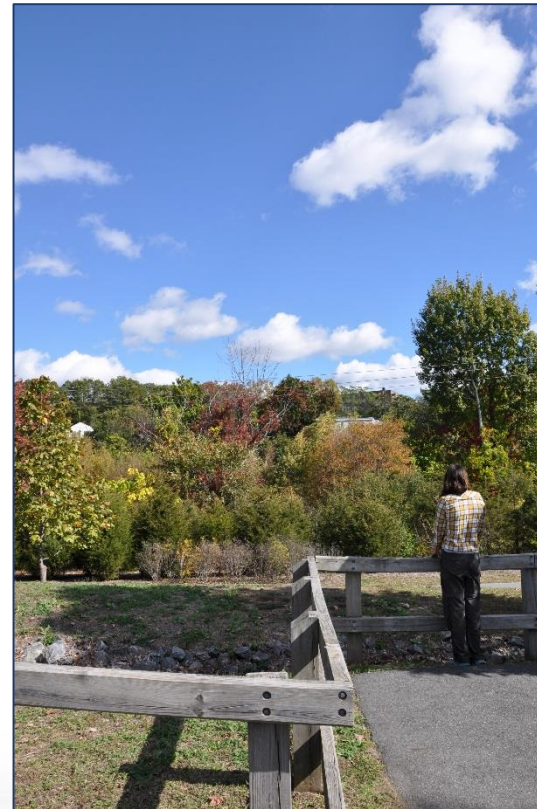
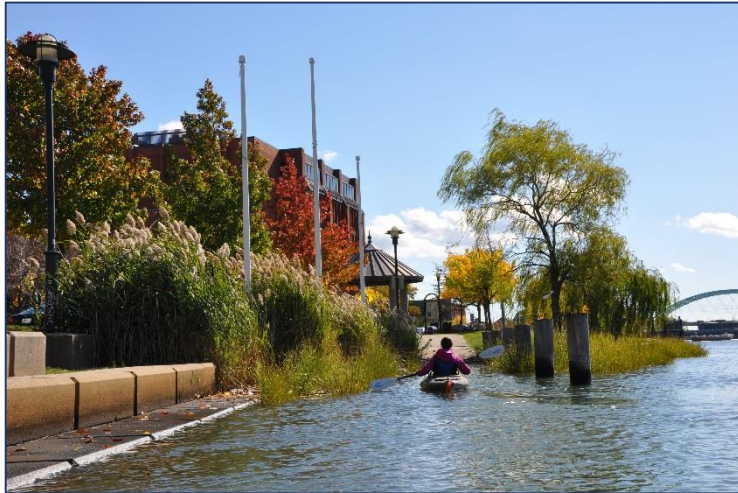
How much is flood risk reduced?



3. By how much do people benefit?

3.3 Quality of complements:

Higher quality complements → Greater value



3. By how much do people benefit?

3.4 Strength of Preferences:

Includes factors such as avidity, willingness/ability to adapt



not so avid angler



avid angler

4. What are the social equity implications?

Social Equity:

Are groups that are particularly socially vulnerable affected?



5. How reliably will services be provided over time?

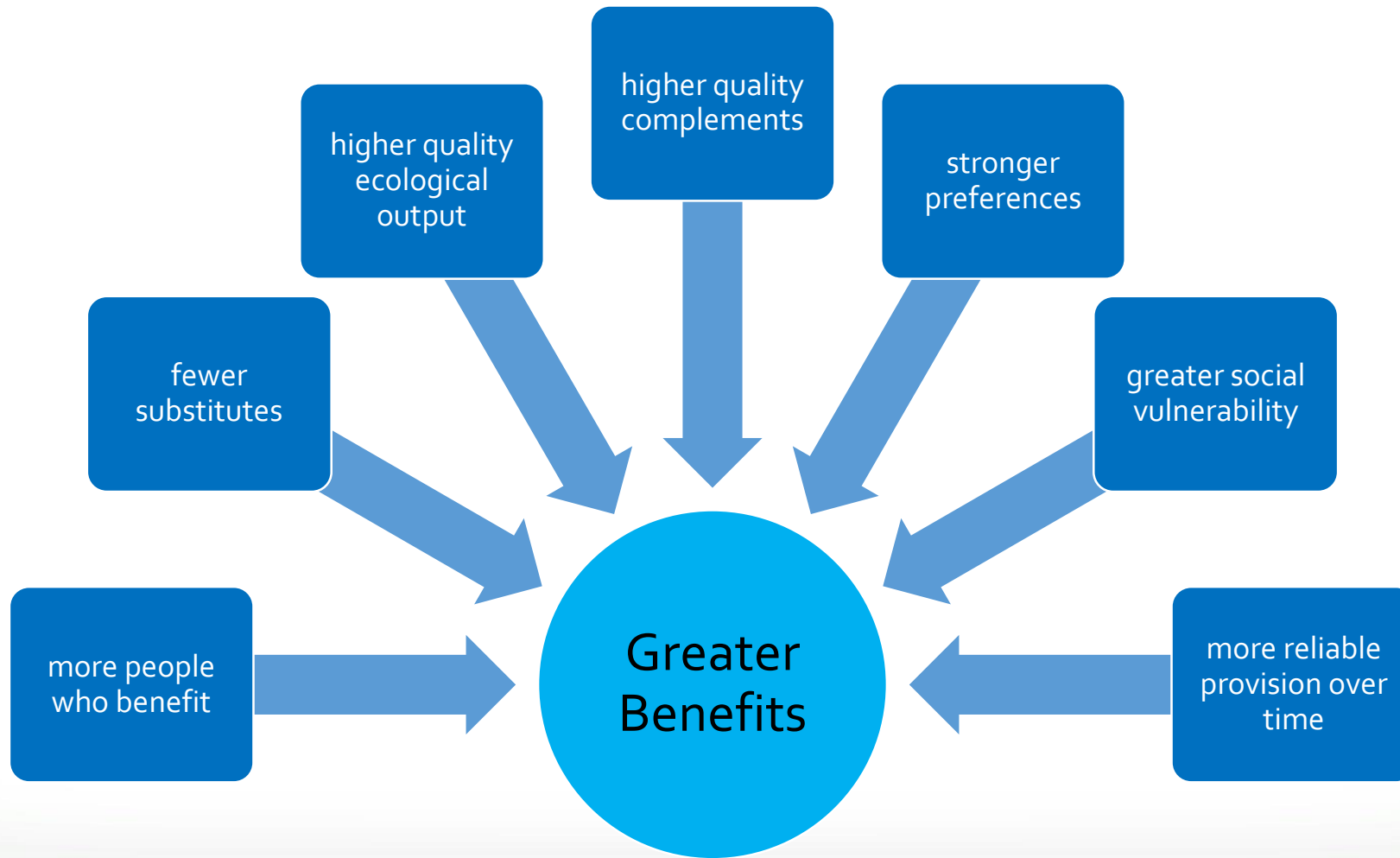
Reliability:

How sure are we that benefits will continue?

More reliable → Greater value



Source: NOAA.gov



Instructions:

This Excel spreadsheet contains macros. Respond to security message (if any) by agreeing to enable macros.

This tool allows you to create up to four analysis scenarios by specifying which benefits and weights are included in an analysis. You can compare the analyses results on the map and table at right.

Touch any "Edit" button to create or modify a scenario.

Touch any "View" buttons to view results of a scenario analysis at right.

Mouse-over any information icon **i** for a description of tool features.

Clear All Scenarios				
i	Edit Scenario 1	Edit Scenario 2	Edit Scenario 3	Edit Scenario 4
i	View Scenario 1	View Scenario 2	View Scenario 3	View Scenario 4

i Benefits	Scenario 1	Scenario 2	Scenario 3	Scenario 4
Flood risk	20		20	
Scenic views		40	30	
Education				
Recreation	50	50		
Bird watching	30			
Social equity		10	30	
Reliability			20	
Total	100	100	100	0

Top dozen ranked sites mapped and described More →

Scenario 3

Rank	Value	Site
1	0.6	430
2	0.6	454
3	0.5	256
4	0.5	455
5	0.5	425
6	0.5	258
7	0.5	427
8	0.5	449
9	0.5	424
10	0.5	55
11	0.5	259
12	0.5	452

Red 'X's indicate locations of all sites
Red circles indicate 12 top ranked sites
Circle size is proportional to rank value



❖ The Guidebook includes examples of 5 Ecosystem Services:

❖ Flood water regulation

❖ Scenic landscapes

❖ Learning opportunities

❖ Recreational opportunities






❖ Birds

Services and Benefits Addressed in this Guide

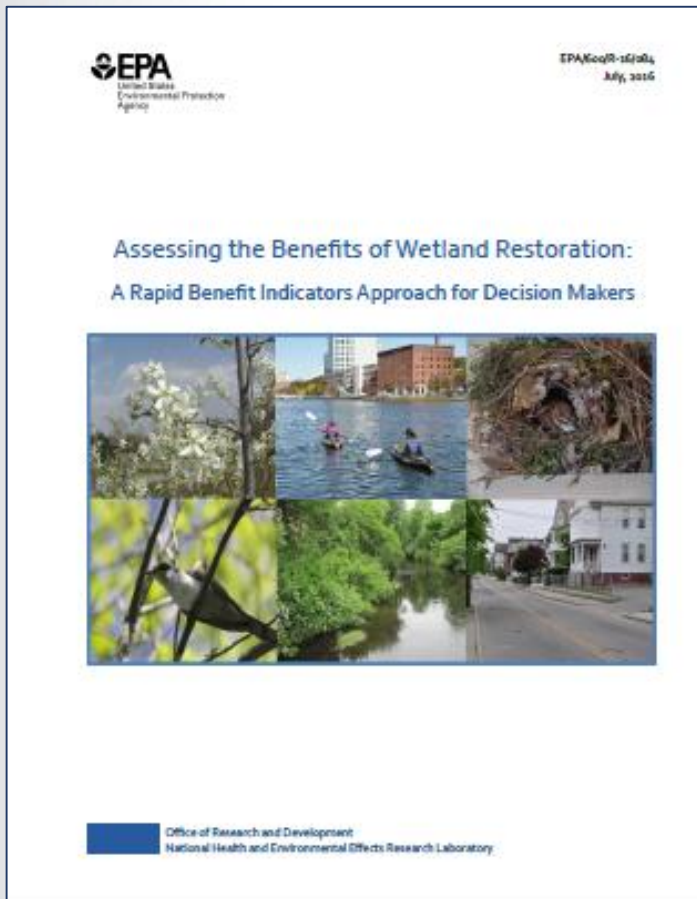
This guide addresses the following important services and benefits provided by wetlands in urbanized areas. We selected these because:

- They may be provided by relatively small, urban sites
- They are relevant to our example watershed
- They were mentioned in our interviews with managers

Wetlands can provide other services, and multiple types of benefits may result from each service. We are not providing indicators for a comprehensive set of freshwater wetlands' benefits, but are focusing on this subset of possible benefits. The approach we illustrate can be applied in a similar way to other services and benefits.

Ecosystem Service	How people benefit
 Flood water regulation	Reduced Flood Risk: The risks from floods to people and structures are reduced.
 Scenic landscapes	Scenic Views: People can enjoy scenic views.
 Learning opportunities	Environmental Education: People can benefit from studying nature or from enhanced connection to nature.
 Recreational opportunities	Recreation: People can enjoy recreation
 Birds	Bird Watching: People can watch or hear birds.

Applying the approach



1. Download our Guidebook and tools from:
<https://www.epa.gov/water-research/rapid-benefit-indicators-rbi-approach>
2. The Guidebook presents an example application
3. We have 3 tools to help compile benefit indicator information
 1. Fillable PDF – easiest to use, works on any computer, least automated, requires data for your sites
 2. Excel® spreadsheet checklist tool – easy to use, requires appropriate software and operating system, and data for your sites
 3. Python GIS tool – requires GIS skills, provides the most detail and automates data handling (not available yet, but coming soon!)
4. We are working on a 4th tool to apply decision analysis methods to aggregate indicators

Questions?

Marisa Mazzotta
U.S. EPA Office of Research and Development
Atlantic Ecology Division
mazzotta.marisa@epa.gov

For more info or to download tools visit:

<https://www.epa.gov/water-research/rapid-benefit-indicators-rbi-approach>